



Policy for Determining CEO Compensation

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of **EPIC International DBA Reach the Rest** is the principal representative and the person responsible for the efficient operation of Reach the Rest. Therefore, it is the desire of Reach the Rest to provide a fair, yet reasonable and not excessive compensation for the CEO (and any other highly compensated employees and consultants).

The annual process for determining compensation is as follows: The Board of Reach the Rest shall annually evaluate the CEO on his/her performance and ask for his/her input on matters of performance and compensation.

Board Approval. The Board (or Board committee) will research information to make a recommendation to the full board for the compensation (salary and benefits) of the CEO (and other highly compensated employees or consultants) based on a review of comparability data.

For example, the Board committee will secure data that documents compensation levels and benefits for similarly qualified individuals in comparable positions at similar organizations. This data may include the following:

1. Salary and benefit compensation studies by independent sources;
2. Written job offers for positions at similar organizations;
3. Documented telephone calls about similar positions at both nonprofit and for-profit organizations;
4. Information obtained from the IRS Form 990 filings of similar organizations.

Concurrent Documentation. To approve the compensation for the CEO (and other highly compensated employees and consultants) the Board must document how it reached its decisions, including the data on which it relied, in minutes of the meeting during which the compensation was approved. Documentation will include:

- a) A description of the compensation and benefits and the date it was approved;
- b) The members of the board who were present during the discussion about compensation and benefits, and the results of the vote;
- c) A description of the comparability data relied upon and how the data was obtained; and
- d) Any actions taken (such as abstaining from discussion and vote) with respect to consideration of the compensation by anyone who is otherwise a member of the Board but who had a conflict of interest with respect to the decision on the compensation and benefits.

Independence in Setting Compensation: The Chair of the Board of Directors, who is a volunteer and not compensated by the Nonprofit, will operate independently without undue influence from the CEO.

No member of the Board committee will be a staff member, the relative of a staff member, or have any relationship with staff that could present a conflict of interest.